# 74LV4051-Q100

# 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

Rev. 1 — 16 July 2021

**Product data sheet** 

## 1. General description

The 74LV4051-Q100 is an 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with three digital select inputs (S0 to S2), an active-LOW enable input (E), eight independent inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7) and a common input/output (Z). It is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device that is pin and function compatible with 74HC4051 and 74HCT4051. With E LOW, one of the eight switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by S0 to S2. With E HIGH, all switches are in the high-impedance OFF-state, independent of S0 to S2.

 $V_{CC}$  and GND are the supply voltage pins for the digital control inputs (S0 to S2, and  $\overline{E}$ ). The  $V_{CC}$  to GND ranges are 1.0 V to 6.0 V. The analog inputs/outputs (Y0 to Y7, and Z) can swing between  $V_{CC}$  as a positive limit and  $V_{EE}$  as a negative limit.  $V_{CC}$  -  $V_{EE}$  may not exceed 6.0 V. For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer,  $V_{EE}$  is connected to GND (typically ground).

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

#### 2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
  - Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C
  - Optimized for low-voltage applications: 1.0 V to 6.0 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V and V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V
- Low ON resistance:
  - 145 Ω (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> V<sub>EE</sub> = 2.0 V
  - 80  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC}$   $V_{EE}$  = 3.0 V
  - 60 Ω (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> V<sub>EE</sub> = 4.5 V
- · Logic level translation:
  - To enable 3 V logic to communicate with ±3 V analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built in
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114E exceeds 2000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V

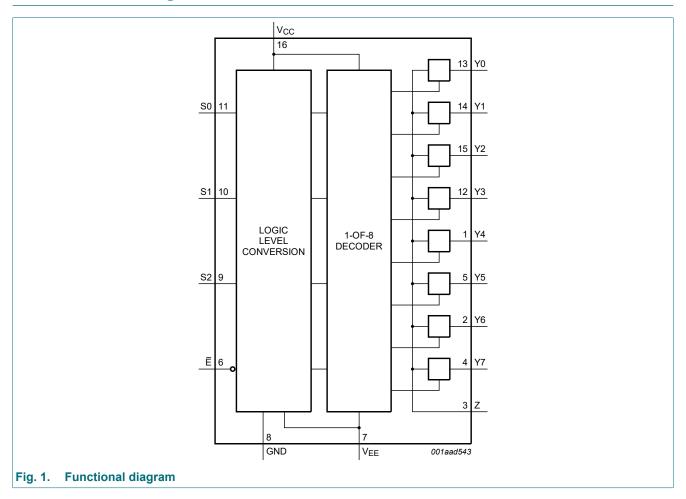
# 3. Ordering information

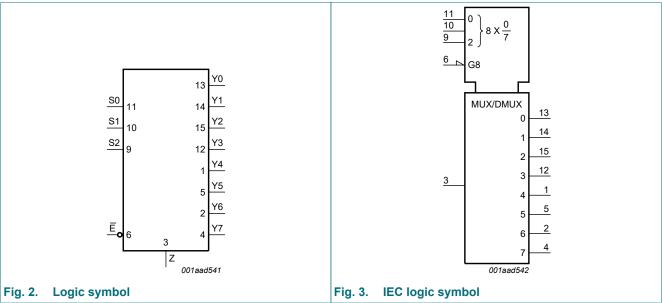
**Table 1. Ordering information** 

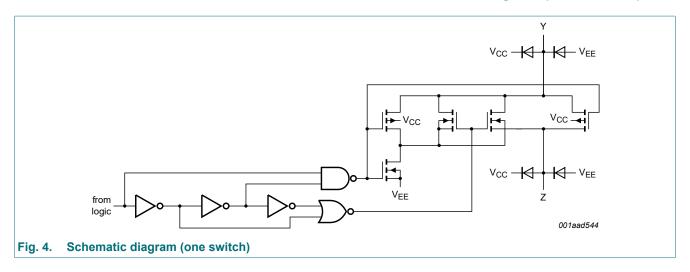
Type number Package									
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version					
74LV4051PW-Q100	-40 °C to +125 °C		plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1					



# 4. Functional diagram

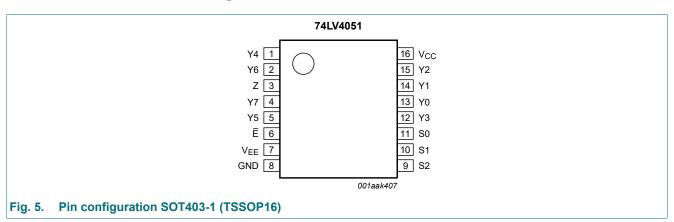






# 5. Pinning information

## 5.1. Pinning



## 5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
E	6	enable input (active LOW)
V <sub>EE</sub>	7	supply voltage
GND	8	ground supply voltage
S0, S1, S2	11, 10, 9	select input
Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7	13, 14, 15, 12, 1, 5, 2, 4	independent input or output
Z	3	common output or input
V <sub>CC</sub>	16	supply voltage

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## 6. Functional description

#### Table 3. Function table

 $H = HIGH \ voltage \ level; \ L = LOW \ voltage \ level; \ X = don't \ care.$ 

Input				Channel ON	
E	S2	S1	S0		
L	L	L	L	Y0 to Z	
L	L	L	Н	Y1 to Z	
L	L	Н	L	Y2 to Z	
L	L	Н	Н	Y3 to Z	
L	Н	L	L	Y4 to Z	
L	Н	L	Н	Y5 to Z	
L	Н	Н	L	Y6 to Z	
L	Н	Н	Н	Y7 to Z	
Н	X	Х	Х	switches off	

# 7. Limiting values

#### **Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND = 0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage	[1]	-0.5	+7.0	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	$V_I < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ [2]	-	±20	mA
I <sub>SK</sub>	switch clamping current	$V_{SW} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ [2]	-	±20	mA
I <sub>SW</sub>	switch current	$V_{SW} > -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{SW} < V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V};$ [2] source or sink current	-	±25	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125  ^{\circ}\text{C}$ [3]	-	500	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> To avoid drawing V<sub>CC</sub> current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V<sub>CC</sub> current will flow out of terminals Yn, and in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V<sub>CC</sub> or V<sub>EE</sub>.

<sup>[2]</sup> The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.

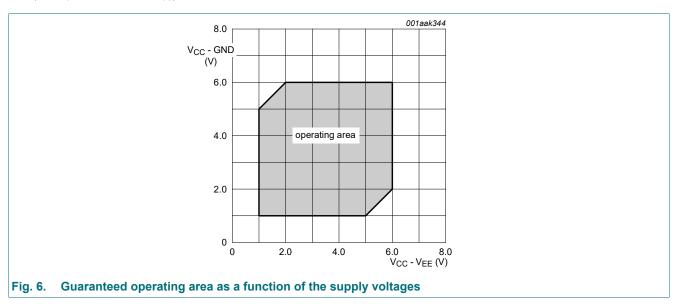
<sup>[3]</sup> For SOT403-1 (TSSOP16) package: Ptot derates linearly with 8.5 mW/K above 91 °C.

# 8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	see <u>Fig. 6</u> [1]	1	3.3	6	V
VI	input voltage		0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{SW}$	switch voltage		0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature	in free air	-40	-	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.0 V to 2.0 V	-	-	500	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V to 2.7 V	-	-	200	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	100	ns/V

[1] The static characteristics are guaranteed from  $V_{CC}$  = 1.2 V to 6.0 V, but LV devices are guaranteed to function down to  $V_{CC}$  = 1.0 V (with input levels GND or  $V_{CC}$ ).



## 9. Static characteristics

#### **Table 6. Static characteristics**

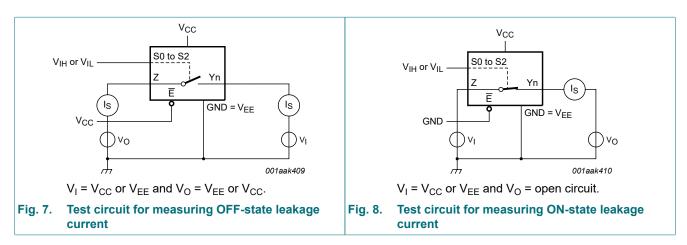
At recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40	°C to +85	°C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	0.9	-	-	0.9	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	٧
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15	-	-	3.15	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	4.20	-	-	4.20	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	0.6	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	-	1.35	-	1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	1.80	-	1.80	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40	°C to +85	s °C	-40 °C to	Unit	
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max	
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; see <u>Fig. 7</u>						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; see <u>Fig. 8</u>						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	2.0	-	2.0	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ A						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	-	20	-	40	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	40	-	80	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	-	-	500	-	850	μA
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	-	-	pF
C <sub>sw</sub>	switch capacitance	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	-	-	pF
		common pin Z	-	25	-	-	-	pF

[1] Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

#### 9.1. Test circuits



#### 9.2. ON resistance

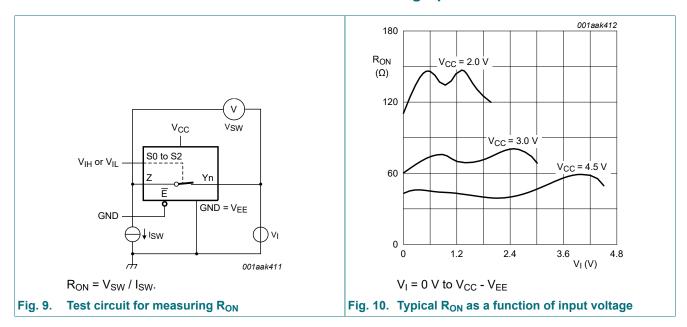
Table 7. ON resistance

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit and graph see Fig. 9 and Fig. 10.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40	°C to +85	°C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
				Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	
R <sub>ON(peak)</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub>							
	(peak)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	145	325	-	375	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	90	200	-	235	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	80	180	-	210	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	60	135	-	160	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	55	125	-	145	Ω
ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub>							
mismatch between	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	Ω	
	channels	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	5	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	4	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	4	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	3	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	2	-	-	-	Ω
R <sub>ON(rail)</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = GND							
	(rail)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	225	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	110	235	-	270	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	70	145	-	165	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	60	130	-	150	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	45	100	-	115	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	40	85	-	100	Ω
R <sub>ON(rail)</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub>							
	(rail)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 100 μA	[2]	-	250	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	120	320	-	370	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	75	195	-	225	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	70	175	-	205	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	50	130	-	150	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	45	120	-	135	Ω

All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$  and at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C. When supply voltages ( $V_{CC}$  -  $V_{EE}$ ) near 1.2 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 1.2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.

## 9.3. On resistance test circuit and graph



# 10. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics** 

Voltages are referenced to GND (GND =  $V_{EE}$  = 0 V). For test circuit see Fig. 13.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		-40 °C to +85 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
				Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	Yn to Z, Z to Yn; see Fig. 11	[2]						
delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V		-	25	-	-	-	ns	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V		-	9	17	-	20	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-	6	13	-	15	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		-	5	10	-	12	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-	4	9	-	10	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V		-	3	8	-	8	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40	°C to +85	5 °C	-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Typ [1]	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	Ē to Yn, Z; see <u>Fig. 12</u> [2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	145	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	49	94	-	112	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	36	69	-	83	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	-	23	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	28	55	-	66	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	25	47	-	56	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	19	38	-	43	ns
		Sn to Yn; see Fig. 12 [2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	140	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	48	90	-	107	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	35	66	-	79	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	-	22	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	27	53	-	63	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	24	45	-	54	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	18	34	-	41	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	Ē to Yn, Z; see <u>Fig. 12</u> [2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	145	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	51	93	-	110	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	38	69	-	82	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	-	25	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	30	56	-	66	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	29	48	-	56	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	21	37	-	44	ns
		Sn to Yn; see Fig. 12 [2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	-	115	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	41	73	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	-	31	54	-	67	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	-	20	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	24	44	-	54	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	22	37	-	46	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	17	29	-	36	ns
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; f_i = 1 \text{ MHz};$ [3] $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$	-	25	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$  and at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

 $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .

 $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

 $\begin{array}{ll} t_{dis} \text{ is the same as } t_{PLZ} \text{ and } t_{PHZ}. \\ \text{[3]} \quad C_{PD} \text{ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation } (P_D \text{ in } \mu\text{W}). \end{array}$ 

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma((C_L + C_{SW}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz,  $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz

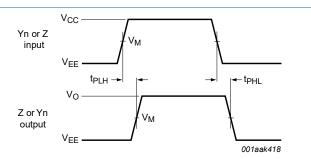
C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF

C<sub>SW</sub> = maximum switch capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in Volts

N = number of inputs switching  $\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^{\ 2} \times f_o) = \text{sum of the outputs}.$ 

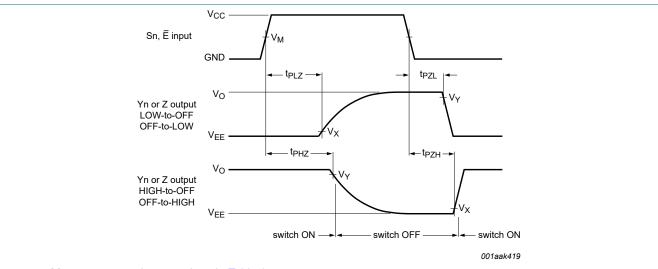
#### 10.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in Table 9.

V<sub>EE</sub> and V<sub>O</sub> are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 11. Propagation delay input (Yn or Z) to output (Z or Yn)



Measurement points are given in <u>Table 9</u>.

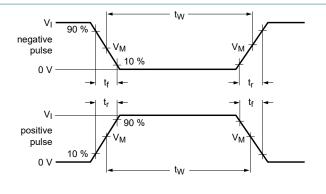
 $V_{\text{EE}}$  and  $V_{\text{O}}$  are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

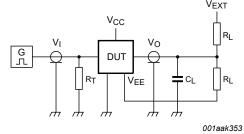
Fig. 12. Enable and disable times

**Table 9. Measurement points** 

Supply voltage	Input	Output	Output					
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>				
< 2.7 V	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> - 0.1V <sub>CC</sub>				
2.7 V to 3.6 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>O</sub> - 0.3 V				
> 3.6 V	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.1V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> - 0.1V <sub>CC</sub>				

**Product data sheet** 





Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance.

 $C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.

V<sub>EXT</sub> = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 13. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load	Load V <sub>EXT</sub>			
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
< 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	open	V <sub>EE</sub>	2V <sub>CC</sub>
2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.7 V	≤ 6 ns	15 pF, 50 pF	1 kΩ	open	V <sub>EE</sub>	2V <sub>CC</sub>
> 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	open	V <sub>EE</sub>	2V <sub>CC</sub>

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## 10.2. Additional dynamic parameters

#### Table 11. Additional dynamic characteristics

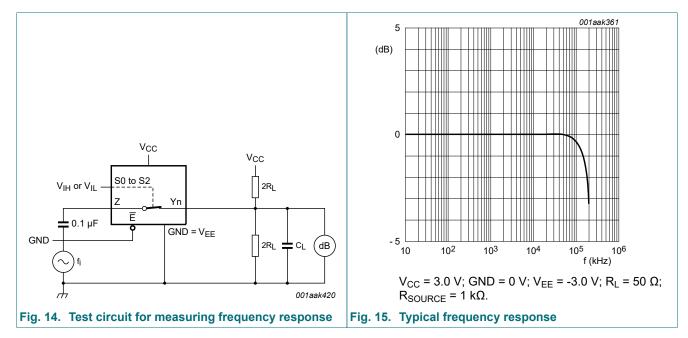
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $V_I$  = GND or  $V_{CC}$  (unless otherwise specified);  $t_r$  =  $t_f$  ≤ 6.0 ns;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

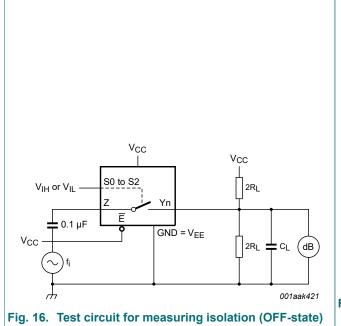
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
THD	total harmonic	$f_i$ = 1 kHz; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Fig. 18				
	distortion	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 2.75 V (p-p)	-	0.8	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V (p-p)	-	0.4	-	%
		$f_i$ = 10 kHz; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Fig. 18				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 2.75 V (p-p)	-	2.4	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V (p-p)	-	1.2	-	%
f <sub>(-3dB)</sub>	-3 dB frequency	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; R_L = 50 \Omega; \text{ see } \underline{\text{Fig. } 14}$ [1]				
	response	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	180	-	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	200	-	MHz
$\alpha_{iso}$	isolation	$f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}; C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; R_L = 600 \Omega; \text{ see } \frac{\text{Fig. } 16}{\text{I}}$ [2]				
	(OFF-state)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-50	-	dB
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-50	-	dB
V <sub>ct</sub>	crosstalk voltage	between digital inputs and switch; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; [2] $C_L$ = 50 pF; $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ ; see Fig. 19				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	0.11	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	0.12	-	V
Xtalk	crosstalk	between switches; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ ; see Fig. 20				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-60	-	dB
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-60	-	dB

<sup>[1]</sup> Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50  $\Omega$ ).

<sup>[2]</sup> Adjust  $f_i$  voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600  $\Omega$ ).

#### 10.3. Test circuits





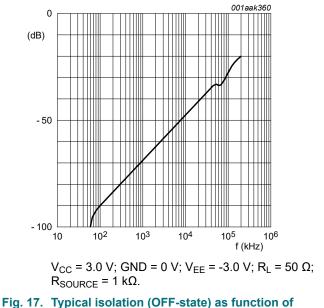
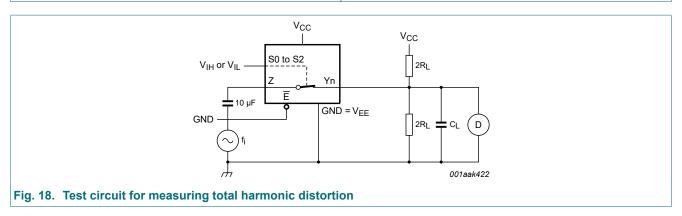
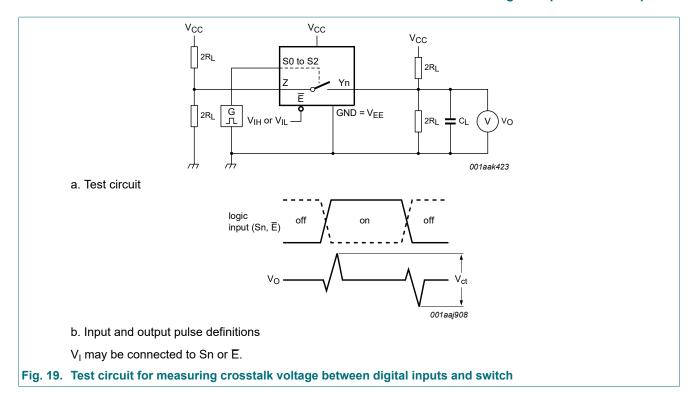
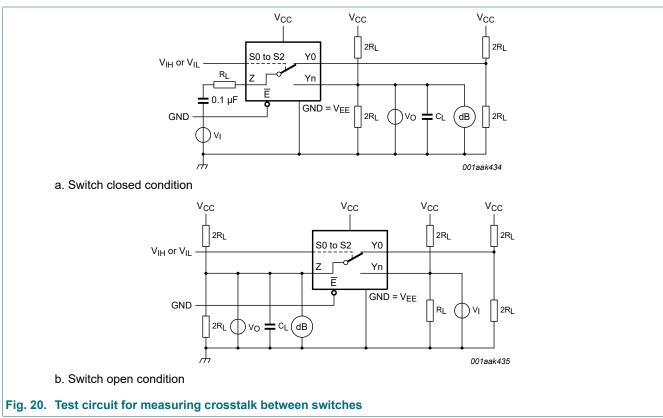


Fig. 17. Typical isolation (OFF-state) as function of frequency



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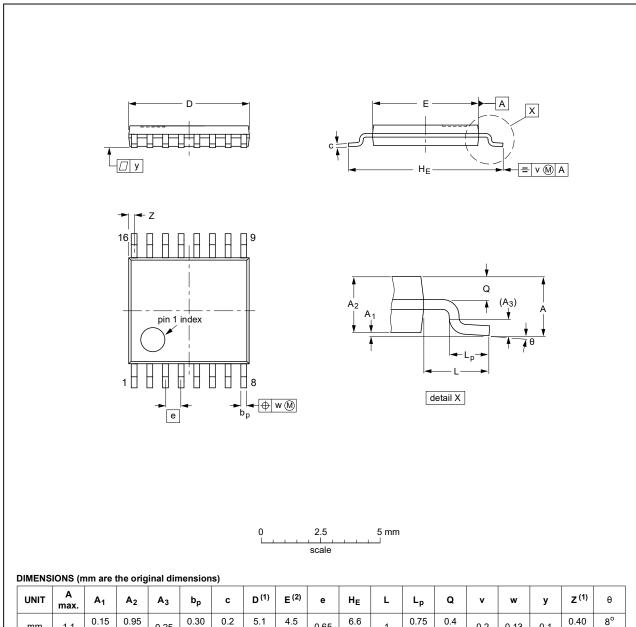




# 11. Package outline

#### TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E (2)	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT403-1		MO-153				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-18

Fig. 21. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

## 12. Abbreviations

#### **Table 12. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

# 13. Revision history

#### **Table 13. Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LV4051_Q100 v.1	20210716	Product data sheet	-	-

## 14. Legal information

#### **Data sheet status**

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at <a href="https://www.nexperia.com">https://www.nexperia.com</a>.

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